

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims

1. (Withdrawn) A chromoprotein derived from *Cnidopus japonicus* having the following properties:

- (1) the absorption maximum wavelength is 610 nm, and fluorescence is not emitted;
- (2) the molar absorption coefficient is 66,700 at 610 nm; and
- (3) the pH sensitivity of light-absorbing property is stable between pH 4 and PH 10.

2. (Withdrawn) A chromoprotein having either one of the following amino acid sequences:

- (a) the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 1; and
- (b) an amino acid sequence comprising a deletion, substitution and/or addition of one or several amino acids with respect to the amino acid sequences shown in SEQ ID NO: 1, and having light-absorbing properties.

3. (Withdrawn) A chromoprotein capable of emitting fluorescence, which has an amino acid sequence, wherein, with respect to the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 1, alanine as an amino acid residue at position 28 is substituted by glycine, glutamic acid as an amino acid residue at position 41 is substituted by methionine, cysteine as an amino acid residue at position 145 is substituted by serine, and threonine as an amino acid residue at position 158 is

substituted by isoleucine.

4. (Withdrawn) A chromoprotein having an amino acid sequence wherein tyrosine as an amino acid residue at position 64 is substituted by leucine with respect to the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 1.

5. (Withdrawn) A chromoprotein having an amino acid sequence wherein tyrosine as an amino acid residue at position 64 is substituted by methionine with respect to the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 1.

6. (Withdrawn) A chromoprotein having an amino acid sequence, wherein glutamic acid as an amino acid residue at position 41 is substituted by leucine, and phenylalanine as an amino acid residue at position 80 is substituted by glycine, with respect to the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 1.

7. (Withdrawn) A chromoprotein capable of emitting fluorescence, which has an amino acid sequence wherein tyrosine as an amino acid residue at position 64 is substituted by phenylalanine with respect to the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 1.

8. (Withdrawn) A chromoprotein capable of emitting fluorescence, which has an amino acid sequence wherein tyrosine as an amino acid residue at position 64 is substituted by histidine with respect to the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 1.

9. (Withdrawn) A chromoprotein capable of emitting fluorescence, which has an amino acid sequence, wherein cysteine as an amino acid residue at position 26 is substituted by valine, cysteine as an amino acid residue at position 143 is substituted by serine, and proline as an amino acid residue at position 199 is substituted by leucine, with respect to the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 1.

10. (Cancelled)

11. (Currently Amended) An isolated DNA of either one of the following:

- (a) DNA encoding the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 1, or
- (b) DNA encoding the an amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 1, which comprises a deletion, substitution and/or addition of one to ten ~~twenty~~ amino acids ~~with respect to the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 1~~, and has light-absorbing properties.

12. (Previously Presented) An isolated DNA having the nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 2.

13. (Previously Presented) An isolated DNA having the nucleotide sequence shown in any one of SEQ ID NOS: 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, or 22.

14. (Previously Presented) A recombinant vector having the DNA of claim 11.

15. (Previously Presented) A transformant having the DNA of claim 11 or a recombinant

vector having a DNA encoding an amino acid sequence of claim 11.

16. (Withdrawn) A fusion protein composed of the chromoprotein of claim 1 and another protein.

17. (Withdrawn) A method for analyzing a physiologically active substance, which is characterized in that the FRET (fluorescence resonance energy transfer) method is applied using the chromoprotein of claim 1 as an acceptor protein.

18. (Previously Presented) A light-absorbing reagent kit comprising the DNA of claim 11, a recombinant vector having DNA encoding an amino acid sequence of claim 11, or a transformant having the DNA of claim 11 or the recombinant vector having DNA encoding an amino acid sequence of claim 11.